



Behaviour and relationships policy

Victoria Dock Primary School



1. Introduction

At Victoria Dock we understand the value of relationships. We know that children need to feel safe, secure and comfortable with the adults around them in order for them to flourish academically, socially and emotionally. This policy sets out our expectations for behaviour. These are underpinned by the positive relationships established between staff and pupils informed by research, evidence and trauma informed practice. We also recognise that for some pupils, a more personalised approach may be needed to meet their developmental needs. The key principles outlined below support children to understand their behaviours and manage them well.

2. Aims of this policy

This policy aims to:

- Create a positive culture that promotes excellent behaviour, ensuring that all pupils have the opportunity to learn in a calm, safe and supportive environment
- Ensure all management of behaviour is consistent and underpinned by positive relationships
- Support staff to realise and acknowledge the prevalence of trauma and its symptoms
- Establish a whole-school approach to maintaining high standards of behaviour that reflect the values of the school
- Outline the expectations and consequences of behaviour
- Outline a clear behaviour pathway with support provided at each stage
- Define what we consider to be unacceptable behaviour, including bullying and discrimination
- Outline additional support for pupils who require a more personalised approach

3. The behaviour curriculum

3.1 Expectations

In our school, pupils are expected to:

1. We ensure everyone in school is safe.
2. We all respect each other and school property.
3. We will always try our best.
4. We help and support everyone in school.

We refer to these as our Green Standard.

Where appropriate and reasonable, adjustments may be made to routines to ensure all pupils can meet behavioural expectations.

To ensure these are fully understood by pupils, we reinforce these expectations regularly, praise pupils for demonstrating these standards, and display posters and signs around the school to clarify the behaviour we expect in different parts of the school: (**Appendix 3**)

We operate a simple traffic light model to make it clear to everybody the expected behaviour in our school and the actions pupils need to take to improve any behaviour that does not meet expectations.

Green Behaviour: Following the school expectations.
Amber Behaviour: Not following school rules. Guidance given about how to get back to green.
Red Behaviour: Repeated amber behaviour, persistent disruption or refusal, more serious incidents

Examples of the types of behaviour at each stage are given in **Appendix 2**

3.2 Curriculum and assemblies

Assemblies regularly focus on positive behaviour, respect, manners, attitudes etc.... A strong PSHE curriculum places a high priority on managing mental well-being and the ethos of tolerance and support underpins every aspect of school life.

Building and maintaining effective relationships form a key element of our pastoral curriculum. By ensuring positive relationships we strive to establish an environment where pupils trust the adults in the school and where they feel safe and well cared for.

4. Responding to good behaviour

Positive reinforcements and rewards will be applied clearly and fairly to reinforce the routines, expectations and norms of the school's behaviour culture.

The expectation is that all children will model the green standard and this will be reinforced, recognised and praised by staff throughout the day.

Additional rewards can also be earned to encourage positive attitudes. At our school, this is in the form of Dojo points or green standard stickers. Weekly certificates are also presented in assembly for

- Pupil of the Week
- Good work of the week
- Handwriting
- Jigsaw
- Pupil of the half term

5. Sanctions and consequences

Sanctions are applied to ensure that we maintain a safe and positive learning environment for all children. Sanctions are applied appropriate to the particular situation or circumstance of the behaviour. Any behaviour that is not of an acceptable standard must be challenged by all adults. In most cases, children respond well to a reminder about expectations. If needed, a warning will be given.

If a child continues to demonstrate behaviour that does not meet the expected standard, all adults must follow the **behaviour pathway: See Appendix 2**

Where there is persistent poor behaviour, parents will be contacted to discuss next steps. This may include being placed on report as part of a **behaviour plan** agreed with parents / carers.

6. Pupil support systems

For some pupils, additional support may be needed as their behaviour may be caused by an identified need or unmet social or emotional need. Additional assessments will be carried out to determine the needs and bespoke support. This may involve intervention, ELSA support or external agencies. A behaviour support plan will be used to identify clear expectations and targets and parents will be involved.

Reasonable adjustments may be made to the usual rewards and sanctions in individual cases in response to any special educational need or disability.

7. Physical intervention and use of reasonable force

All staff are encouraged to recognise escalating behaviours at an early stage and to use de-escalation strategies where possible to avoid incidents from escalating. Staff follow the guidance from the Team Teach approach to support with de-escalation. It is essential that adults remain calm and use agreed and consistent language. Maintaining strong relationships built on trust and respect are essential, especially when a child is struggling to manage their behaviour.

In our school we view physical intervention or restraint of pupils as a last resort to maintaining a safe environment. However, there are circumstances when it is appropriate for staff in schools to use reasonable force to safeguard children. The term 'reasonable force' covers the broad range of actions used by staff that involve a degree of physical contact to control or restrain children. 'Reasonable' in these circumstances means 'using no more force than is needed'.

Members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent pupils committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, or damaging property and to maintain good order and discipline at the school or among pupils.

In all cases, reasonable force will:

- Be used in a way that maintains the safety and dignity of all concerned
- Never be used as a form of punishment

- Be recorded and reported to parents

When considering using reasonable force staff should, in considering the risks, carefully recognise any specific vulnerabilities of the pupil, including SEND, mental health needs or medical conditions.

Please refer to separate **Physical Intervention Policy** for further information.

8. Roles and responsibilities

The Local Advisory Board

- Review this behaviour policy in conjunction with the Headteacher
- Monitor the policy's effectiveness
- Holding Senior Leaders to account for the implementation of the policy

The Senior Leadership Team

- Set high expectations by consistently modelling the agreed behaviour principles.
- Ensure that the school environment encourages positive behaviour
- Monitor how staff implement this policy to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied consistently to all groups of pupils
- Ensure new staff are provided with a clear induction into the school's behavioural culture to ensure they understand its rules and routines, and how best to support all pupils to participate fully
- Provide regular training in behaviour management, and the impact of special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) and mental health needs on behaviour, to any staff who require it, so they can fulfil their duties set out in this policy
- Ensure this policy works alongside the safeguarding policy to offer pupils both sanctions and support when necessary
- Ensure that the data from the behaviour logs is reviewed regularly, to make sure that no groups of pupils are being disproportionately impacted by this policy
- Provide accurate information to the Local Advisory Board and the Trust.

All school staff

- Set high expectations by consistently modelling the agreed behaviour principles.
- Take an active role in creating a calm, orderly and safe environment for pupils
- Build positive relationships with pupils and their families
- Establish and maintain clear boundaries of acceptable pupil behaviour
- Implement the behaviour pathway consistently and fairly
- Respect and listen to pupils
- Provide a personalised approach to the specific needs of particular pupils
- Record behaviour incidents promptly in line with the school policy

Parents and carers

- Support the school's expectations of behaviour
- Support their child in adhering to the school's behaviour policy, including accepting any sanctions
- Inform the school of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour
- Discuss any behavioural concerns with the class teacher promptly
- Ensure their child attends school regularly, on time and wearing the correct uniform

Pupils

- Follow the school rules and do their best to meet the expected standards
- Do their best to earn rewards for meeting the behaviour standards
- Accept the consequences they face if they don't meet the standards
- Make use of the pastoral support that is available to them to help them meet the behavioural standards
- Support and look after other pupils
- To show respect to others, regardless of differences eg: race, gender, religion, sexuality or disability
- To show respect to property and the school environment
- To attend regularly and on time

9. Safeguarding

The school recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a pupil is in need of help or protection. We will consider whether a pupil's misbehaviour may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm.

Where this may be the case, we will follow our child protection and safeguarding policy, and consider whether pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy for more information.

10. Bullying

Bullying is defined as the repetitive, intentional harming of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power.

Bullying is, therefore:

- Deliberately hurtful
- Repeated, often over a period of time

Bullying can include:

TYPE OF BULLYING	DEFINITION
Emotional	Being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting
Physical	Hitting, kicking, pushing, taking another's belongings, any use of violence
Prejudice-based and discriminatory, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Racial• Faith-based• Gendered (sexist)• Homophobic/biphobic• Transphobic• Disability-based	Taunts, gestures, graffiti or physical abuse focused on a particular characteristic (e.g. gender, race, sexuality)
Sexual	Explicit sexual remarks, display of sexual material, sexual gestures, unwanted physical attention, comments about sexual reputation or performance, or inappropriate touching
Direct or indirect verbal	Name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
Cyber-bullying	Bullying that takes place online, such as through social networking sites, messaging apps or gaming sites

We take all reports of bullying seriously and always fully investigate. Bullying in any form, is not tolerated in our school. Please see separate **Anti-Bullying Policy**.

11. Child on Child Abuse

At our school, we believe that all children have the right to attend school and learn in a safe environment. Children should be free from harm by adults and other children or young people.

We continue to ensure that any form of abuse or harmful behaviour is dealt with immediately and consistently to reduce the extent of harm to the child or young person.

There are many forms of abuse, which may occur between children including:

- all forms of bullying,
- being coerced into sending sexual images (sexting),
- physical or sexual assaults,
- child sexual exploitation
- sexual harassment or sexual violence

These behaviours should never be tolerated, passed off as 'banter' or part of growing up.

If a pupil reports an incident of abuse, we will let the pupils know that we will:

- Take their safety and wellbeing seriously
- Listen to them
- Act on their concerns
- Not tolerate or accept abuse

Action will be taken to ensure that any form of abuse/harmful behaviour is dealt with immediately, consistently, and sensitively to reduce the extent of harm with full consideration taken to the impact on the child's emotional, mental health and well-being.

If a child has been harmed, is in immediate danger, or is at risk of harm, basic safeguarding principles apply, and advice should be sought from either Humberside Police and/or Hull City Council EHaSH.

Incidents relating to all forms of bullying will be reported, recording, and dealt with, in accordance with either the Academy's Anti-Bullying or E-Safety policy.

Where there is no risk of significant harm, parents of all the children concerned will be contacted and informed of the nature of the incident. If proven, appropriate sanctions, as outlined in this policy, will be applied. The school considers a balance between the importance of safeguarding other pupils with the need to support, educate and protect the alleged perpetrator(s).

12. Behaviour Beyond the School Gates

In line with section 89 of the Education & Inspection Act 2006, this policy also applies to poor behaviour not on the school premises.

Teachers may discipline pupils for:

- Misbehaviour when the pupil is taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity.
- Travelling to or from school.
- Poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public.
- Could adversely affect the reputation of the school.

In all cases of misbehaviour, the teacher can only discipline the pupil on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of the staff member 'to such an extent as is reasonable'.

13. Screening, Searching and Confiscation

The Education Act 2011 allows staff to lawfully search pupils, without consent or parental permission, if there is a suspicion that the pupil has a 'prohibited item'. Prohibited items are:

- Knives and weapons
- Alcohol
- Illegal drugs
- Stolen items
- Tobacco and cigarette papers

- Fireworks
- Pornographic images
- Any article that has been or is likely to be used to commit an offence, cause personal injury or damage to property
- Any item banned by the school rules which has been identified in the rules as an item which may be searched for.

Only the Headteacher, or a member of staff authorised by the Headteacher, can carry out a search. The Headteacher can authorise individual members of staff to search for specific items, or all items set out in the school's behaviour policy. For example, a member of staff may be authorised to search for stolen property and alcohol but not for weapons or drugs.

14. Malicious allegations against staff

If an allegation is determined to be malicious, the Headteacher or Designated Safeguarding Lead may consider referring the matter to Children's Social Care to determine whether the child concerned needs services or may have been abused by someone else. If an allegation is shown to be deliberately invented or malicious, the Headteacher will consider the appropriate disciplinary action against the pupil who made it.

15. School visits and out of school activities

Our main concern is for the safety of all the children in our care. In exceptional cases it may be felt that the behaviour (or trends of behaviour) of certain children might create a safety hazard for themselves and other children/staff. A risk assessment will be undertaken by the phase leader, deputy, assistant or Headteacher. Parents will be informed (usually in writing).

If a child does not pass the risk assessment for an out of school activity, alternative provision will take place in school.

No child will be excluded from any activity due to any physical or learning disability, economic or religious reasons.

16. Monitoring

Staff monitor the effectiveness of this policy on a regular basis and report to the governing body on the effectiveness of the policy and, if necessary, makes recommendations for further improvements.

It is the responsibility of the Trustees to monitor the rate of fixed term and permanent exclusions, and to ensure that the school policy is administered fairly and consistently.

17. Online misbehaviour

The school can issue behaviour sanctions to pupils for online misbehaviour when:

- It poses a threat or causes harm to another pupil

- It could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- It adversely affects the reputation of the school
- The pupil is identifiable as a member of the school

Sanctions will only be given out on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of a staff member.

18. Suspension and permanent exclusions

The school can use suspension and permanent exclusion in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour, which has not improved following in-school sanctions and interventions. The decision to suspend or exclude will be made by the Headteacher and only as a last resort.

Following a suspension, a reintegration meeting will be held with the pupil and their parents to review expectations and additional support that may be provided.

Please refer to our **Suspensions and Exclusions Policy**.

19. Pupil transition

Inducting incoming pupils

The school will support incoming pupils to meet behaviour standards by offering an induction process to familiarise them with the behaviour policy and the wider school culture.

Preparing outgoing pupils for transition

To ensure a smooth transition to the next year, pupils have transition sessions with their new teacher(s). In addition, staff members hold transition meetings.

To ensure behaviour is continually monitored and the right support is in place, information related to pupil behaviour issues may be transferred to relevant staff at the start of the term or year.

20. Training

Regular behaviour updates take place during staff meetings to ensure that all staff feel confident to deal with behaviour and to ensure consistency. The behaviour lead provide support and guidance for all members of staff who require additional strategies. Physical intervention training is kept up to date.

Induction for new staff guidance on the school Relationships Policy. throughout the year with a special educational mental health and ensure that staff feel equipped to begin to

[Grab your reader's attention with a great quote from the document or use this space to emphasize a key point. To place this text box anywhere on the page, just drag it.]

members includes Behaviour and Regular CPD is planned focus on a range of needs, anxiety and wellbeing support to knowledgeable and identify the root of

behaviours and subsequently plan strategies to address this. Regular visitors to the schools

are provided with information about the implementation of the Behaviour and Relationships Policy and how to report incidents or concerns.

21. Legislation, statutory requirements and statutory guidance

This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:

- [Behaviour and discipline in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff, 2016](#)
- [Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff 2022](#)
- [Searching, screening and confiscation at school 2018](#)
- [Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools 2022](#)
- [The Equality Act 2010](#)
- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England 2017](#)
- [Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement - 2023](#)
- [Use of reasonable force in schools](#)
- [Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school](#)
- [Special Educational Needs and Disability \(SEND\) Code of Practice.](#)
- Schedule 1 of the [Education \(Independent School Standards\) Regulations 2014](#); paragraph 7 outlines a school's duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, paragraph 9 requires the school to have a written behaviour policy and paragraph 10 requires the school to have an anti-bullying strategy
- [DfE guidance](#) explaining that academies should publish their behaviour policy and anti-bullying strategy
- This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

11. Links to other relevant policies

This policy makes reference to other whole school policies and guidance:

- Anti-bullying Policy
- Guidance for Safer Working Practice for Adults Working with Children and Young People in Education Settings 2019
- Single Equalities Scheme
- Exclusion and Suspension Policy
- E-Safety Policy
- Child Protection Policy
- Physical Intervention Policy
- SEN Policy

Appendix 1

Examples of stage 1 behaviour where a reminder is needed would include:

- Calling out
- Talking when someone else is talking
- Interrupting a conversation
- Distracting others
- Running in the corridor
- Moving about the classroom without good reason and/or permission

Examples of amber behaviours would include:

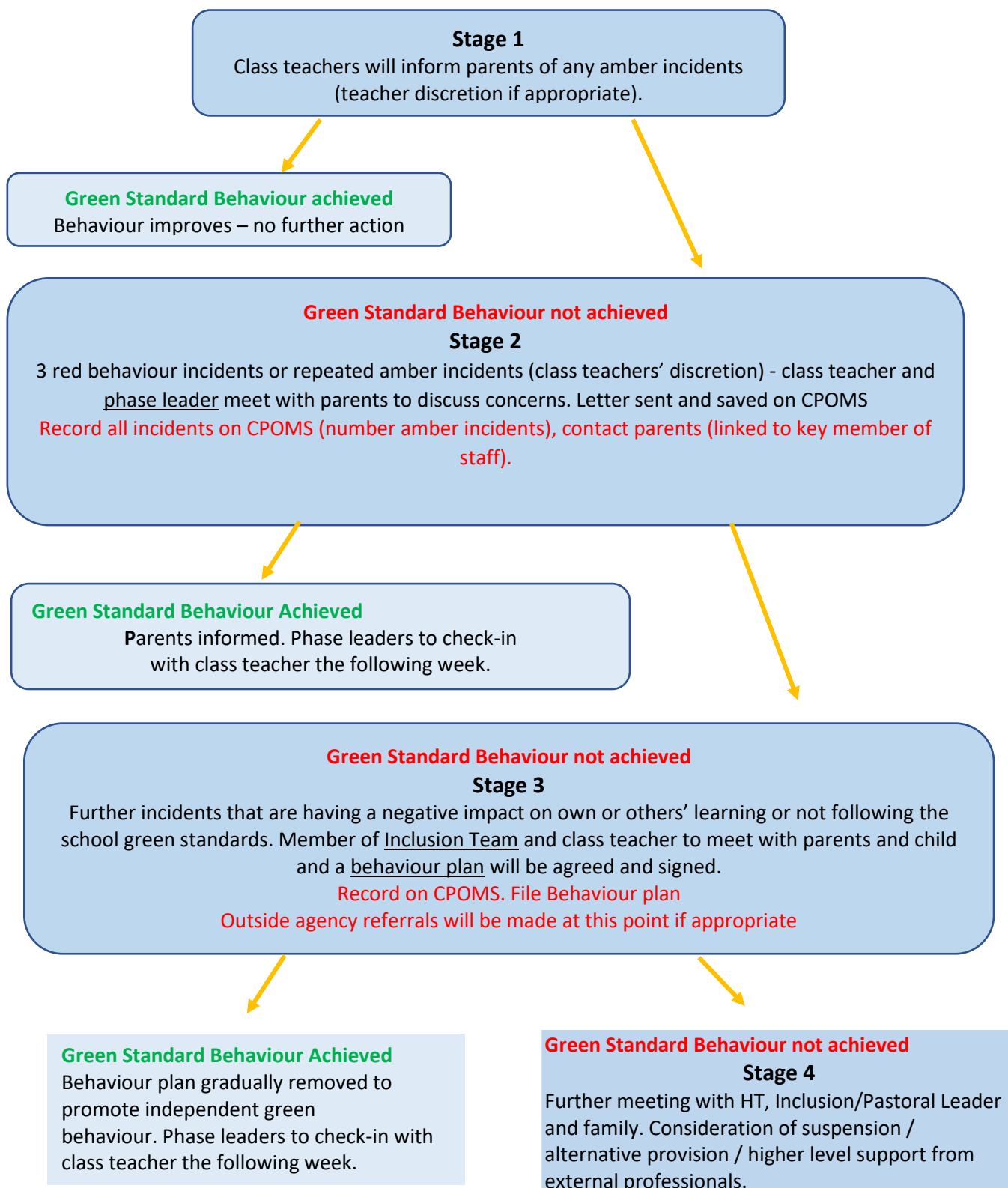
- Inappropriate language e.g., non-threatening expression of displeasure
- Name calling
- Lack of respect for people or property
- Rudeness
- The very first instance of foul and abusive language
- Refusal to follow instructions
- Non-verbal gestures
- Lying
- Rough play
- Any persistent action exemplified at stage 1

Examples of red behaviours would include:

- Any behaviour that puts themselves or any other person at risk of harm
- Any violent act towards any other person
- Foul and abusive language towards any adult in school
- Threatening behaviour towards adults or children (with menace and/or intent)
- Racial abuse/homophobic abuse
- Persistent refusal to follow instructions
- Theft
- Spitting
- Running away from an adult
- Deliberate damage to any property in school
- Bullying (see anti-bullying policy)
- Sexual harassment, meaning unwanted conduct of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Sexual comments
 - Sexual jokes or taunting
 - Physical behaviour like interfering with clothes
 - Online sexual harassment, such as unwanted sexual comments and messages (including on social media), sharing of nude or semi-nude images and/or videos, or sharing of unwanted explicit content
- Sexual assault (intentional sexual touching without consent)
- Possession of any prohibited items. These are:
 - Knives or weapons
 - Alcohol
 - Illegal drugs
 - Stolen items
 - Tobacco and cigarette papers
 - Fireworks
 - Pornographic images

NB – THE ABOVE ARE ONLY EXAMPLES OF BEHAVIOURS FOR EACH STAGE. IT IS NOT EXHAUSTIVE AND THERE IS FLEXIBILITY IN THAT STAFF MAY USE THEIR PROFESSIONAL JUDGEMENT

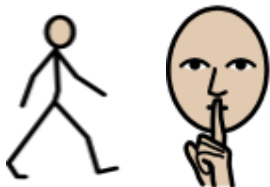

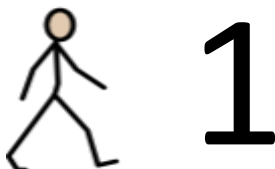
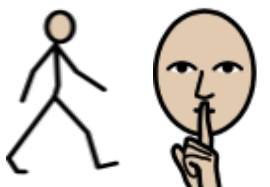
Appendix 2: Behaviour Pathway










Corridor Green Standard

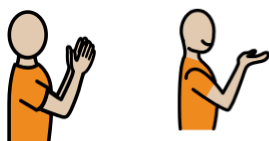


	<p>Walk calmly and quietly on the left</p>
	<p>Hold doors for others and let them go first</p>
	<p>Walk in a single file line</p>
	<p>Wait quietly and sensibly outside classrooms</p>

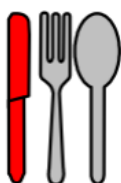
Classroom Green Standard

	<p>Sit and walk safely</p>
	<p>Keep the classroom and tables tidy</p>
	<p>Keep the noise level appropriate</p>
	<p>Listen to others carefully</p>
	<p>Tuck your chair in</p>

Dinner Hall Green Standard



Say please and thank you



Use your knife and fork



Clear all your cutlery away and tuck your chair in



Quiet voices



Walk



Finish what you are eating before moving from the table



Help the younger children

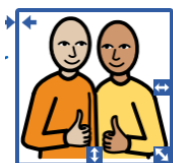
Playground Green Standard



Help to set out (and tidy away)
the equipment



Share the equipment fairly

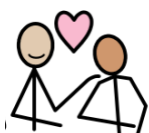


Look after each other and the
equipment



Whistles:

1. Tidy up (Lunch)
2. Freeze
3. Walk



Be kind

Toilet Green Standard



Flush the toilet



Wash your hands



Turn the tap off




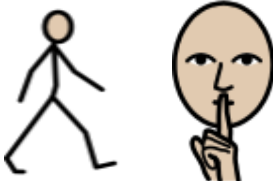



Keep the toilets tidy



Tell a grown up if there is a problem

Assembly Green Standard

	<p>Magnet eyes</p>
	<p>Sitting smartly – legs crossed</p>
	<p>Join in with the assembly</p>
	<p>Silent walking in and out of the hall</p>
	<p>Make sure you have enough space</p>