

Victoria Dock Primary School Home Learning Plan



Year 6

Monday 5th October – Friday 9th October

As your child is absent from school at the moment, please read the following information and links in order for your child to continue their education until they can return to school. These resources are aligned with the teaching taking place in school and wherever possible, video links and additional instructions are given to help support your child. All completed work should be returned to school when your child returns. It will then be looked at by members of the school staff following a quarantine period.

Year 6 Maths – Online Learning						
Four Operations						
Lesson	Video Link	Worksheet				
Lesson 1 Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits (column method)	https://vimeo.com/456839553	https://resources.whiterosemaths.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/09/Y5-Autumn-Block-2-WO1-Add-whole-numbers-with-more-than-4-digits-column-method-2019.pdf				
Lesson 2 Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits (column method)	https://vimeo.com/456839795	https://resources.whiterosemaths.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/09/Y5- Autumn-Block-2-WO2-Subtract-whole-numbers-with-more-than-4-digits-column- method-2019.pdf				
Lesson 3 Inverse operations (addition and subtraction)	https://vimeo.com/456840063	https://resources.whiterosemaths.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/09/Y5-Autumn-Block-2-WO4-Inverse-operations-addition-and-subtraction-2019.pdf				

Lesson 4	https://vimeo.com/456840256	https://resources.whiterosemaths.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/09/Y5-
Multi-step		<u>Autumn-Block-2-WO5-Multi-step-addition-and-subtraction-problems-2019.pdf</u>
addition and		
subtraction		
problems		

Year 6 Writing – Online Learning

Narrative Writing

This week, we are continuing our unit of writing based on the book, A Monster Calls by Patrick Ness. There will be mainly sentence-stacking lessons throughout the week, building up to us planning our own piece of writing towards the end of the week. Have a go at the tasks below to help you be ready for your return to school.

	Sentence Stacking 1	Sentence Stacking 2	Sentence Stacking 3
Plot Point (What are we writing about)	Invitation from a monster	The monster's rampage	Conor remains unmoved
Success criteria (What's the point of each sentence)	 Alliteration Synonyms Subjunctive form 	 Dialogue Action Personification 	 Synonyms & repetition for effect Actions Subordinating conjunctions
Model/example (How I would write it)	Twigs tangled, roots wrenched and leaves laced to form the monster of his nightmares. Conor stared out at the beast. The monster lowered its gnarled hand. "Come with me!" it bellowed. Conor said, "If I were to put myself in your hands, if I were to go with you, then what would you offer me?"	"I have come to get you Conor O'Malley," thundered the monster. "I'll do what I want," said Conor casually. Stomping across the soil, the monster strangled clouds, tore at trees and pummelled brickwork. The clouds hid behind the moon, the trees trembled and the bricks shuddered in fear.	A real monster. A huge real monster. A huge, angry real monster. Shrugging, yawning and leaning on the window sill, Conor watched the monster. Despite the monster's aggressive, threatening presence, Conor felt no fear. Provided sentences: "Shout all you want," Conor shrugged, barely raising his voice. "I've seen worse."

Year 6 Reading & Phonics - Online Learning

Analysing vocabulary and summarising information

This week in guided reading, there are three main tasks which could be done at home:

- 1. Read the interview with Vashti Hardy, below. Using context and breaking down the words (like we did last week), write a synonym for each word which is in bold capital letters.
 - 2. For each of the phrases below, explain what Vashti Hardy is trying to tell us (about the thing in brackets)
- 3. Based on chapter 3 of Brightstorm, write a short diary entry as either Arthur or Maudie, detailing what has happened to you in the last day and how you are feeling. If you don't have access to Brightstorm, feel free to write as any character from a book you are reading at home.

Luesday 6th October

Analysing challenging xacabulary (Interniew with Vashti Hardy)

in English Appendix 1, both to sead aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet. NCO: apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (marphology and etymology),

I attempt the provinciation of surfamiliar words, working out the meaning of words from the context.

Last: Read the interview with Vashti Hardy, below. Using context and breaking dawn the words (like we did last week), write a **ssynanyn** for each word which is in bold capital letters

Ariohtstorm

INTERVIEWER: Which 3 adjectives wauld you chanse to hest describe your baak? VH: I laws your chaices! I'm gaing... ADVENTUROUS, PACEY and imaginative

easily in real life, his programmes were a godeend in helping me learn swrital techniques to help Arthur auti I Carefrey which is PACKED full of excellent explorer facts. I found my INITAL idea for Brightstorm in the baak Antarctica. I'm a big fan af Bear Grylls too - as I cauldn't go aut and jump in quicksand ar a franen lake which was Shackkton's advert to find his crew. I also love Amelia Earhart for how she inspired so many VM: I've always loved reat-life stories of exploration like Shackleton's Imperial Trans-Antarctic Expedition to also have a great nan-fiction book called A Teacup in a Storm: An Explorer's Guide to Life by Mick INTERVIEWER: What banks, peaple, ideas and inspirations have helped you to write Brightstorm? famales to PURSUE their dreams (she's basically Harriet Culpepper!).

INTERVIEWER: What do you hape readers will get from reading Brightstorm?

VH: Aside from sheer enjoyment and an escape into adventure, I hape readers will see themselves in Arthur and Maudie and knaw that with determination, inner grit and a bit of TENACITY, you can achieve amaring things!

INTERVIEWER: If you could build your own sky-ship, what would it lask like? Who would you chases to jain the crew? Where wauld you go? Haw wauld it travel?

VH: I don't think I can beat the Aurora - it's my perfect sky-ship. It's **ELEGANT** and eco-friendly. My crew would probably be made up of my author friends Jennifer Killick, Lorraine Gregory and James Nical. We would have a lot of fun, but I know they would work hard and have my back too. We would RETRACE Ernest Brightstorm's original noyage north to the nolcanic isles.

INTERVIEWER: What is your fawaurite made of transport that exists anly in literature?

VH: The predator cities of Mortal Engines by Philip Reeve. A GENIUS ideal

INTERVIEWER: Can you give us a little mare of a behind-the-scenes insight in to what goes in to making such a high-quality back like Brightstarm?

hest it can he! For Brightstorm, I drew quite detailed maps early on hecause it helped me work out the stops EN-ROVTE, the hazards they may come across and the journey times. Scholastic said from the start that thefal like a map in the book, so they took my ariginal and then their clever designer created the one an the flap of the bouncing off the brilliant brains of your agent and/or editor, until you reach a stage where you all feel it's the VM: Writing a baak is a cyclic process of imagining, writing, planning, editing, revising, and so an whilst

INTERVIEWER: If you were to chaase the character that is most like you from Brightstorm, who would it he

VH: I think Arthur is most like me. He is **TENACIOUS**, which I tend to be, and when I was younger I would'ne been able to relate to that feeling aftrying to find your way in the world and not knowing where you fit. Also he Jawes books!

Wednesday 7th October

Analysing authord use of language (Brightstorm Chapter 3)

NCO: identifying haw language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning

I can discuss and evaluate the writer's craft by commenting on the use of language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader. **Lask**: For each of the phrases below, explain what Vashti Hardy is trying to tell us (about the thing in brackets)

- time in the library stood still (time)
- L like sun an a still pool (arm)
- hands were cold and sent shivers the length of Arthu's back (Nr Smethwych)
- Arthur's blood drained to his feet (Arthur)
- . hugging her tool belt to her chest (Maudie)

Challenge: Can you think of any alternative phrases with the same meaning of the ones above?

Friday 4th October

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Summarising leg infarmation (Brightstarm Chapter 3)

NCO: summarising the main ideas drawn from more than I paragraph, identifying hey details that support the

I can summarise key information from different parts of a text.

Lack: Based on yesterday's notes (and chapter 3 of Brightstorm), write a short diary entry as either Arthur or Maudie, detailing **what has happened to you** in the last day and **haw you are feeling**

Challenge: Can you include any of your hapes, almost predicting what you think will happen in the coming chapters of the book?

Other Subjects - Online Learning

Science

This week, we are continuing to learn about the historical breakthroughs in science regarding electricity. Have a look at the fact sheet below and create your own poster/leaflet which explains what you think are the most important facts.

History

Building on from our topic work last week, when we looked at a timeline of the Victorian Era, we would like you to choose which you think are the most important events from the selection below. We would like you to choose the events which you think are most significant and important for the country. Which events do you believe changed the country the most?

Also, we would love you to think carefully about what you would like to know based on the events in the selection below. Please write a few questions you would like to find the answer to in coming week. Feel free to even do a little research yourself. We'd love to hear what you find out.

^{**} If you are unable to access resources and would prefer a paper copy of these instructions, please contact the school office.

1837

Parliament are built. The new Houses of

1856

its own police force.

county now has to have According to law, every

1840

stamp, the 'Penny Black', is used. The first postage

can no longer work as chimney sweeps. Children under 10

underground coal mines.

that children under 10

The Mine Act means

can no longer work in

1851

1864

The first free public in Winchester. library opens

1852

postbox is built. The first

1851

The Great Exhibition October in London. runs from May to

1896

1856

The

Queen Victoria

Queen Victoria dies

and Edward VII

becomes king.

1840

Prince Albert.

marries

from 4mph to 14mph. (early cars) is raised horseless carriages The speed limit for

Crimean War ends.

Charles Darwin's 'On the Origin of Species'

1859

is published.

Albert Hall.

opens the Royal

Queen Victoria

Alexander Bell

1876

invents the telephone.

electric lighting for

the first time.

London are given

Public places in

1871

1838

abolished in the Slavery is



Schools are built

1870

1838

Prince Albert dies

from typhoid.

for children

Charles Dickens is Oliver Twist' by

published.

aged 5-10.

British empire.

The Education Act compulsory for makes school

1880

all children.

empress of India.

Queen Victoria

1876

is declared

Daguerre introduces the

French artist Louis

The first FA cup

1872

final is held.

1839

world to photography.

1881

lighting is built. The first home with electric

1844

work over $6\frac{1}{2}$ hours a day. and 13 no longer have to that children between 8 The Factory Act means

1840s

most town and villages have a rail connection. network grows until Britain's railway

Queen Victoria is crowned at age 18.





History of Electricity Reading Comprehension Sheets

In modern life, we use electricity on a daily basis and do not think anything of it. We take it for granted. However, for most of human history electricity was not known about so how and why did that change? Read on!



While we did not know that electric currents existed, we were aware of shocks from a fish. We called it 'Thunderer of the Nile'.

Ancient Egyptians thought that electric fish were 'protectors' of other fish. Electric fish were written about by the Ancient Greeks, Romans and Arab Scholars. We Ancient Greeks knew that rubbing amber would make light objects attract to it. We thought it became magnetic.

What they were actually observing was static electricity!



It was not until hundreds of years later in the 1600's that William Gilbert studied and distinguished between magnetism of metals and static electricity. He used the Greek word for amber

- 'elektron' and invented a new Latin word electricus.

Benjamin Franklin was the first person to study electricity in depth. One of his most important findings was proving that lightning was electrical (it had been thought of as different up until then). He flew a kite during a storm, to which he had attached a key. When the kite was indeed hit by lightning, he felt electric sparks from the key.

He was very fortunate not to be electrocuted! This is not an experiment that needs to be repeated!!

He was also the first to store electricity and knew it consisted of positive and negative charges.

Alessandro Volta invented the first battery — which was known as the 'voltaic pile' as it was made of layers of zinc and copper which was either combined with sulphuric acid or saltwater brine to create an electric current.

Volta's name was also the basis for the following words:

Voltage: This is the electric force that causes free electrons to move from one atom to another.

Volt: Is the unit of measurement for Voltage (written as V).

